

SB 179, "David's Law" expanded authority to school districts, allowing public and charter schools to address cyberbullying off-campus and outside of school-related or school-sponsored activities based on specific criteria. In order to address this legislative change, this checklist may help parents, educators, and administrators determine if a student at their school has been bullied according to the legislative definition. Please follow the conditional 'yes/no' logic for the questions regarding the use of electronic communication devices in possible bullying scenarios.

## **HOW TO USE THIS CHART**

To determine whether an act is bullying or cyberbullying by law, proceed down the checklist and provide a checkmark for each true statement. If any identified section does not receive at least one checkmark, then the act is not considered bullying by state law.

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1	Was it a single significant act?
2	By one or more students directed at another student that exploits an imbalance of power
3	Through physical contact
	Using written expression

4	Physically harms a student or damages their property
	Creates reasonable fear of harm to student or damage to their property
	Is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive enough that the action or threat creates:
	Intimidating educational environment
	Materially and substantially disrupts the educational process or operation of school
	Infringes on rights of victim at school

If there is not a check mark in each of the four sections above. it is **NOT** bullying.

## WAS THE ACT COMMITTED BY USING ANY TYPE OF ELECTRONIC **COMMUNICATION DEVICE?**

(i.e. Cellular or other phone, computer, camera, e-mail, text or instant messaging, social media app, internet website, internet communication tool)

## DID THE ACT OCCUR OUTSIDE OF A SCHOOL-SPONSORED OR SCHOOL-RELATED **ACTIVITY?**

(This is an important distinction, as David's Law expands a school district's authority to include cyberbullying incidents that occur off campus and outside a school-sponsored or school-related activity, as long as it meets one of the below criteria.)

On school property	
At a school-sponsored or school-related activity for or off campus)	
On a school bus or vehicle used to transport	

DID THE ACT INTERFERE WITH A STUDENT'S **EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES; OR** SUBSTANTIALLY DISRUPT THE ORDERLY OPERATION OF A CLASSROOM, SCHOOL, OR SCHOOL-SPONSORED/RELATED ACTIVITY?

(CYBERBULLYING IS BULLYING)

YES, IT'S BULLYING

According to law, if the act DID NOT meet the criteria above, it is not under the school district's authority.